Occupational Wage Survey

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^{*} NOTE - Occupational earnings reports are available upon request for the following additional industries: auto repair shops (June 1951) and power laundries (June 1951).

Introduction 1/

The Richmond area is one of 40 major labor markets in which the Bureau of Labor Statistics is currently conducting occupational wage surveys. Occupations that are common to a variety of manufacturing and nonmanufacturing industries were studied on a community-wide basis. Cross-industry methods of sampling were thus utilized in compiling earnings data for the following types of occupations: (a) office; (b) professional and technical; (c) maintenance and power plant; (d) custodial, warehousing, and shipping. In presenting earnings information for such jobs (tables A-1 through A-4) separate data have been provided wherever possible for individual broad industry divisions.

Occupations that are characteristic of particular, important, local industries have been studied on an industry basis, within the framework of the community survey. 2/ Earnings data for these jobs have been presented in Series B tables. Union scales (Series C tables) are presented in lieu of (or supplementing) occupational earnings for several industries or trades in which the great majority of the workers are employed under terms of collective - bargaining agreements, and the contract or minimum rates are indicative of prevailing pay practices.

Data have also been collected and summarized on shift operations and differentials, hours of work, and supplementary benefits such as vacation and sick leave allowances, paid holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and insurance and pension plans.

The Richmond Metropolitan Area

Population of the Richmond Metropolitan Area, including the city of Richmond and Chesterfield and Henrico Counties, totaled more than 328,000 persons in 1950. Of these, about 70 percent resided within the city limits of Richmond.

The Bureau's estimate of the annual budget for a Richmond worker's family of four persons was \$3,890, the third highest annual cost among the 34 large cities surveyed in the United States during October 1950. The budget is described as providing a "modest but adequate" level of living for an urban worker's family of four persons — an employed father, a housewife not gainfully employed, and two children under 15 years of age. Between October 1950 and the time of the survey in October 1951, consumer's prices in Richmond increased almost 6 percent.

Richmond occupies a position of industrial importance in the South with representatives of a large variety of industries located in the area. Nonagricultural employees totaled 132,750 in September 1951 with 38,700 of this number working in manufacturing establishments. 2/ The tobacco industry, employing over a fourth of the workers, ranked first in importance, from the standpoint of employment, among Richmond manufacturing industries, while chemicals ranked second with an employment of over 6,000. Other prominent manufacturing industries in the area were food, textiles and apparel, and paper and allied products.

As the hub of a wide trading area, Richmond has considerably more workers engaged in nonmanufacturing industries than in manufacturing. In September 1951, approximately 94,000 persons were employed in nonmanufacturing establishments. The retail and wholesale trade industries accounted for 34,000 of

^{1/} Prepared in the Bureau's regional office in Atlanta, Ga., by Harry H. Hall, Regional Wage and Industrial Relations Analyst. The planning and central direction of the program was carried on in the Branch of Community Wage Studies of the Bureau's Division of Wages and Industrial Relations in Washington, D. C.

^{2/} See appendix for discussion of scope and method of survey.

^{3/} Labor Market Trends, Virginia State Employment Service, Richmond, Va., December 1951.

this number while the combined employment of the communications, public utilities, and transportation groups accounted for an additional 15,000. The service industries employed over 13,000 workers and a like number worked for the local, State, and Federal government agencies in the area. Construction workers numbered 9,300 and another 8,600 persons were employed by finance, insurance, and real estate companies.

About 85 percent of the plant workers in Richmond manufacturing industries were employed in establishments having written agreements with labor organizations. With the exception of the public utilities group, in which nearly 70 percent of the plant workers were employed in firms having union contracts, unionization in nonmanufacturing industries was negligible. The proportion of office workers employed under union contract provisions was considerably lower than that of plant workers. Only in the public utilities group of industries was unionization in offices found to any appreciable degree.

Occupational Wage Structure

Extensive wage adjustments were made in Ricmond establishments between the outbreak of hostilities in Korea and the time of the survey. By October 1951, 95 percent of all plant workers in manufacturing industries had received one or more increases since June 1950. These wage increases generally were made on a cents-per-hour basis, ranging most frequently from 5 to 10 cents an hour. A few of the larger companies and some of the smaller ones granted percentage increases which ranged from 5 to 10 percent - normally, nearer the upper limit. Office workers in the larger manufacturing establishments frequently received wage increases similar to those granted plant workers; however, among smaller manufacturing establishments general wage increases to office workers tended to be somewhat lower than those to plant workers. Less than two-thirds of the office workers in manufacturing received general increases during the period, although some employees may have received increases on an individual basis. Only about half the plant workers and less than a third of the office workers in nonmanufacturing establishments had received general wage increases between the outbreak of hostilities in Korea and the time of the study. In the public utilities group, however, about 80 percent of the emplovees were employed in establishments that had granted general increases.

Established minimum entrance rates for the employment of inexperienced plant workers were part of the formalized rate structures in establishments employing more than 90 percent of the workers in the Richmond area. Almost 60 percent of the workers were employed in establishments having minimum rates ranging from 75 to 95 cents an hour; whereas about 16 percent were in companies reporting minimum rates of 95 cents or over. Wholesale trade establishments reported no entrance rates of less than 75 cents per hour, but rates below that figure existed in the retail trade and service establishments employing nearly half the workers in those industry groups.

Wages and salaries were generally higher in manufacturing industries than in nonmanufacturing. In 23 of 26 job categories permitting comparison, salaries of office workers were higher in manufacturing firms than in nonmanufacturing, although standard weekly hours did not differ significantly. Average hourly earnings for plant jobs studied in all industries were higher in manufacturing than in nonmanufacturing establishments for 16 of 20 occupations where comparisons were possible.

About a fourth of the plant workers in the Richmond area manufacturing establishments were employed on extra shifts. A majority of these extra-shift workers were paid shift differentials, most commonly expressed as a uniform percentage over day rates. Over half of the second-shift workers, whose premium was expressed as a percentage, received an 8-percent differential, and practically all of the third-shift employees, paid on a percentage basis, were granted a 10-percent premium.

The scheduled workweek for almost all the women office workers in all industries ranged from 35 to 40 hours. Among wholesale trade, retail trade, and manufacturing groups the 40-hour workweek was most prevalent, whereas two-thirds of the women office workers in public utilities worked 37½ hours. Among plant employees, two out of three had a workweek of 40 hours and about one out of five worked 48 hours or more.

Nearly all office workers and more than four-fifths of the plant employees received three or more paid holidays a year. Six holidays were most usual, being granted to two-fifths of office and three-fifths of plant workers. Finance establishments granted more holidays than any other group studied, with about a fourth of their employees receiving 13 or more paid holidays a year.

A: Cross-Industry Occupations

Table A-1: Office Occupations

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings 1/ for selected occupations studied on an area basis in Richmond, Va., by industry division, October 1951)

		Ave	RAGE							NUMBI	ER OF V	VORKE	RECH	EIVING	STRAIG	HT-TIM	E WEEL	KLY EAD	RNINGS	OF-						
Sex, occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours (Standard)	Weekly earnings (Standard)	\$	under	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- ;	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ 80.00 85.00	-	an
Men																				1					-	
	20	1	\$			-									-											1.
illers, machine (billing machine) Nonmanufacturing	38	41.0	40.00	14	11	-	1	-	7	6	-	4		-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public utilities *	14	39.5	45.00	14	11	-	-	-	7	6	-	4	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1 -	1		-
												-														
ookkeepers, hand	183	39.5	74.00	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	5	1	22	11	17	6	4	3	9	17	5	33	27	20
Manufacturing	43	41.0	76.50	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	6	6	5	12	1	5
Nonmanufacturing	140	39.0	73.50	-	_	-	-	-	-		1	-	4	1	22	6	17	6	4	3	3	11	-	21	26	15
Retail trade	145	41.0	74.00	-	_	-	_		_	_	-		2	-	2		16	-	2	2	2	10	1 -	14	22	111
Services	111	39.0	72.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	2
ookkeeping-machine operators, class A	32	11.5	47.00				10	-				10	2	2	2	-										
Normanufacturing	32	41.5	47.00	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	10	2	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Wholesale trade	22	42.5	43.00	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	10	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
				1	The same																					113
ookkeeping-machine operators, class B	23	38.0	42.50	-	-	-	-	9	-	7	5	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonmanufacturing	23	38.0	42.50	-	-	-	-	9	-	7	5	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
lerks, accounting	249	39.5	64.00	-	-	-	1	1	9	10	7	1	22	8	15	7	33	17	21	18	18	17	21	11	5	7
Manufacturing	104	39.5	69.00	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	5	1	4	3	9	3	4	14	4	13	16	6	10	10	3	6
Nonmanufacturing	115	39.0	60.00	-	-	-	-	1	9	10	2	-	18	5	6	4	29	13	17	13 5 5	2	11	11	1	-	1
Wholesale trade	82	38.0	61.00	-	-	-	-	-	9	10	-	-	-	5	2	-	6	11	13	5	1	10	10	-	-	-
lerks, general	31.8	39.5	57.00	-	-	1	10	7	23	3	17	23	33	13	23	44	8	42	23	1	2	15	15	14	1	-
Manufacturing	118	39.5	56.50	-	-	-	2	14	9	1	8	11	13	3	4	19	4	20	4	1	1	14	3	2	1	-
Nonmanufacturing	200	39.5	57.50	-	-	1	8	3	14	2	9	12	20	8	19	25	4	22	19	-	1	11	10	12	-	-
Public utilities *	36	40.0	51.00	-	-	-	4	-	5	-	-	-	5	4	15	-	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Wholesale trade	116	39.0	62.00	-	-	1	2	-	7	2	2	6	9	1	-	19	2	19	18	-	-	11	10	10	-	-
Finance **	1 32	39.0	50.50	-	-	-	-	3	2	1	5	0	2	4	2	6	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
lerks, order	63	40.5	55.00	-	-	-	1	8	6	-	2	2	1	-	20	-	3	5	11	-	1	1	-	2	-	-
Manufacturing	15	40.0	57.00	-	-	-	1.	-	4	-	-	-	1	-	1		3	-	1	-	1	1	-	2	-	-
Nonmanufacturing	28	40.5	54.00	-	-	-	-	8	2	-	2	2	-	-	19	-	-	5	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wholesale trade	20	40.5	49.50	-	-	-	-	8	2	-	2	2	-	-	9	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
lerks, payroll	36	39.5	63.50	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	5	4	5	1	-	-	-	6	10	2	-	-	-
Manufacturing	16	40.0	59.50	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	3	1	-	-	-	6	- J	7-0	-		-
Nonmanufacturing	20	39.0	67.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	2	-	-	-
ffice boys	118	39.5	35.00	10	49	22	5	8	7	8	1,	1	_	-	1	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Manufacturing	25	39.5	35.50	1	12	2	-	1	14	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Nonmanufacturing	93	39.5	35.00	9	37	20	5	7	3	5	3	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wholesale trade	20	39.0	42.50	-	3	1	4	-	-	5	3	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance **	31	39.5	33.50	-	17	11	-	-	3	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
abulating-machine operators	33	39.0	59.50	-	-	-	1	1	-	2	2	_	4	1	-	2	4	1	1	1	2	1	2	1	1	-
Nonmanufacturing	33 26	38.5	57.00	-	-	-	1	1	-	2	1	-	4	14		1	4	1	4	1	-	1	-	1	-	-
Finance **	16	38.0	54.50	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	4	4	-	1	1	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Women	1/- 13															100										
illers, machine (billing machine)	195	39.5	44.50	10	10	12	13	16	30	14	19	25	12	-	10	10	1	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing	58	38.5	47.00	-	-	-	2	2	15	6	7	15	2	-	5	- 1	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonmanufacturing	137	40.0	44.00	10	10	12	בו	14	15	8	12	10	10	-	5	10	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-		-
Wholesale trade	107	40.0	45.00	10	4	10	4	12	8	7	12	10	10	-	-	10	-	-	-	10	-	_	-	-	-	-

See footnote at end of table.

Occupational Wage Survey, Richmond, Va., October 1951 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Bureau of Labor Statistics

^{*} Transportation (excluding railroads), communication, and other public utilities.
** Finance, insurance, and real estate.

Table A-1: Office Occupations - Continued

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings 1/ for selected occupations studied on an area basis in Richmond, Va., by industry division, October 1951)

	1	Ave	RAGE							NUMBE	ER OF V	VORKE	RS RECI	EIVING	STRAIG	нт-тім	E WEEF	KLY EA	RNINGS	OF—				1		
Sex, occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours (Standard)	Weekly earnings (Standard)	126		_	****	\$ 37.50 40.00	-	\$ 42.50	\$ 45.00	\$ 47.50	\$ 50.00	\$ 52.50	\$ 55.00	\$ 57.50	\$ 60.00	\$ 62.50	\$ 65.00	\$ 67.50	1	1				
Nomen - Continued			¢																							
Billers, machine (bookkeeping machine)	112	38.5	38.00	-	20	19	8	22	14	19	3	1 .	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_		-
Manufacturing Nonmanufacturing	25 87	37.5 39.0	45.00 36.00	-	20	19	8	21	10	14	3	1	5 -	1 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bookkeepers, hand	220	40.0	54.00	-	-	-	2	1	24	10	31	20	14	20	23	12	13	9	20	7	6		6	2		
Manufacturing Nonmanufacturing Public utilities * Wholesale trade Retail trade Services	73 15 21 21	39.0 40.5 40.0 40.5 42.5 42.5	56.50 53.00 54.00 51.00 57.50 48.50	111111			2 - 2	1	12 12 5 - 7	10 - 9 - 1	- 31 4 24 3	20 55 - 5	59-54-	12 8 1 2 -	6 17 - 14 2 1	7 3	13 4 9 -	9 5 -	17 3 - 1 1 1	7	5 - 5		6 5 - 1	2 -		
Bookkeeping-machine operators, class A	95	40.0	45.50	-	-	14	7.	3	10	23	6	3	6	5	4	1	10	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Manufacturing Nonmanufacturing Wholesale trade	19 76 30	40.0 40.0 40.5	56.00 42.50 44.50		-	14 8	7	1 2 1	10 8	23 1	6	3 -	1 5 5	- 52		1	7 3 3	3 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bookkeeping-machine operators, class B Manufacturing Nonmanufacturing Wholesale trade Retail trade Finance **	269 34 235 70 54 108	39.5 39.5 39.5 39.5 40.5 39.0	39.50 45.00 38.50 40.50 39.00 37.00	8 - 8	18 18 2 - 16	33 5 28 11 1 16	34 5 29 2 8 19	52 3 49 16 15 18	67 67 21 26 19	19 2 17 7 3 7	4 - 4 - 1 2	17 14 3 - - 3	11 11 -	2 1 1 - -	2	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	111111	-	-	-
Calculating-machine operators (Comptometer type)	270	39.5	46.00	-	4	3	32	24	32	42	19	32	26	20	9	17),	3	3	-						
Manufacturing Nommanufacturing Wholesale trade Retail trade	57 21.3 48 62	39.0 39.5 40.0 40.0	47.50 45.50 46.00 39.00		- 4 - 1	3 -	6 26 4 16	24 3 18	6 26 8 15	8 34 17 11	5 14 7	3 29 -	17 9 -	5 15 1 -	45 -	1 16 3 -	4	1 2 2 -	1 2 2 -	-	-	-	-	-		
Calculating-machine operators (other than Comptometer type) Nonmanufacturing	48	37.0	41.50	-	6	5	11	_	3	3	14	-	2	1	2	-	-	-	1	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
		37.5	39.50	-	6	5	11	-	3	3	1	-	2	1	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Clerks, accounting Manufacturing Nonmanufacturing Wholesale trade Retail trade Finance ** Services	354 51 303 41 57 78 14	39.0 38.0 39.0 39.0 40.0 39.0 42.5	47.50 53.00 47.00 44.00 40.50 42.00 43.00		14 2 10 1	20 - 4 15 -	18 - 18 - 9 7 -	34 1 33 8 4 16 2	36 2 34 14 4 15 1	38 5 33 11 1 6 7	37 2 35 - 21 6 2	12 3 9 - 1 1	37 15 22 3 1 3	14 3 11 - 3 -	8 2 6	19 13 6 - -	55 1 54 - 2 1 -	1 1 2 -	1	1	2 2 - 2 - 2	1 1	-	1 1	-	-
Clerks, file, class A Manufacturing Nommanufacturing Wholesale trade Finance **	85 10 75 18 45	39.0 39.5 39.0 39.0 38.5	41.50 46.00 41.00 39.00 43.50	2		3 3	5 - 1	30 4 26 10	11 11 3 8	15 3 12 -	6 2	<u>4</u> - 4 - 4	2. 2 - 2	5 1 4	1	11111		1				-	-	-	-	-
Clerks, file, class B Nonmanufacturing Public utilities * Wholesale trade Retail trade Finance **	306 293 25 23 18 220	39.0 39.0 39.0 40.0 42.0	33.50 33.50 36.00 34.00 33.50 33.00	25 25 - - - - - 21	91 90 2 6 4 76	92 88 1 10 1 76	61 58 14 2 8 34	28 27 6 5	9 5 2 - 1 2	-	- - - - -	4 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	2						-	-			-			-

See footnote at end of table.

* Transportation (excluding railroads), communication, and other public utilities.

** Finance, insurance, and real estate.

Table A-1: Office Occupations - Continued

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings $\underline{1}/$ for selected occupations studied on an area basis in Richmond, Va_* , by industry division, October 1951)

		Ave	RAGE	1000						NUMBI	ER OF V	VORKER	S RECE	EIVING	STRAIG	HT-TIMI	E WEER	LY EAI	RNINGS	OF—						
Sex, occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours (Standard)	Weekly earnings (Standard)	A	and				\$ 40.00 42.50		_			_		1	-			_	_	-			1	1 4400
Women - Continued												7														
Clerks, general	906	40.0	43.00	22	75	92	147	132	98	77	49	38	40	12	14	14	22	6	5	20	2	-	10	20	11	-
Manufacturing	131	39.5	51.00	-	-	-	7	12	18	11	10	21	14	6	1	9	2	6	3	-	-	-	-	-	11	-
Nonmanufacturing	775 50	40.5	41.50	22	75	92	140	120	80	66	39	17	26	6	13	5	20	-	2	20	2	-	10	20	-	-
Public utilities *	50	40.0	51.00	-		-	-	-	4	8	10	5	2	1	8	3	8	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wholesale trade	288	40.5	11.00	2	26	38	63	63	26 2h	11 18	-		15	-	-	-	9	-	-	20	1	-	10	20	-	-
Retail trade	194	41.0	37.50	12	27 18	24	40	21 34	17		15	7 5	8	5	5	2	2	-	1	-	2	-		14.	-	-
Finance **	179 6h	39.0	41.50	8	10	17	16	2	9	27	9	2	1	2	2	-	-		1		-		-			
Services	04	42.5	30.50	1 0	4	ربا	10	-	,	-	,															
Clerks, order	91	40.5	42.50	-	8	8	12	11	19	3	5	1	1	9	12	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing	20	40.0	45.00	-	8	1	3	2	2	3	3	1	1	8	11	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Normanufacturing	71 52	40.5	42.00	-	8	6	9	9 8	17	-	2 2	-	-	8	8		-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-
Wholesale trade	19	40.5	42.50	-	0	1	9	1	5		2		_	0	3				-	-		-				
Retail trade	19	40.5	40.50	-		1	7	1	,						,				13.							1.
Clerks, payroll	150	39.5	48.50	. 2	3	2	19	-	17	9	13	29	14	1	6	17	5	2	-	7	3	1	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing	64 86	39.5	49.00	-	-	-	15	-	11	2	2	6	6	1	4	1	5	2	-	7	2	-	-	-	-	-
Normanufacturing		39.5	48.00	2	3	2	4	-	6	7	11	23	8	-	2	16	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-
Wholesale trade	21 25	39.0	55.00	-	3	1	. 1	-	3	2 2	3 5	4	6	-	2	10	-	_	-	-	1	1	1 -		-	-
Retail trade	24	38.0	49.50	-	-	-		-	1	2	3	12	2	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1 21	20 5	38.00	-	2	h	1	0	1		1	-	_										-	1		
Duplicating-machine operators Normanufacturing	14	39.5	38.00	-	2	3	1	2	3	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Key-punch operators	228	38.5	40.00	-	21	37	31	55	20	27	13	5	6),	2	6	1		-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Manufacturing	17	39.0	49.00	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	3	3		3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Nonmanufacturing	211	38.5	39.00	-	21	37	31	55	17	26	10	2	1 5	1	-	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wholesale trade	17	40.0	45.50	-	1 -	3	4	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance **	173	38.5	38.00	-	21	33	27	49	9	20	8	2	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Office girls	48	38.5	32.50	11	16	8	10	3	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing	15	39.5	34.50	-	2	6	5 5	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonmanufacturing	33 25	38.0	31.50	11	14	2	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance **	25	38.0	30.50	10	14	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Secretaries	547	39.5	53.00		-	-	11	4	. 36	47	73	38	116	39	46	38	28	12	4	7	8	4	20	2	6	8
Manufacturing	72 475	39.5	61.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 -	4	6	17	5	7	4	6	2	-	3	2	2	1 - 5	1	6	2
Normanufacturing	475	39.0	52.00	-	-	-	11	4	36	47	69	32	99	34	39	34 L	22	10	1	4	6	2	15	1	-	6
Public utilities *	37	40.0	64.50	-	-	-	-	2	11	22	34	1 11	40	22	3	18	9 2	2	1	2	2	-	10	1		2
Wholesale trade	191	39.5	51.00	1	1 .	1 -	8	1	14	33	20	3	22	3	14	1	4	3	2	2	-	1	2	-		-
Finance **	126	38.0	52.00	-	-	1	3	1	9	9	9	16	29	7	13	11	7	5	1	-	3	1	2	-	-	1
Services	18	38.0	47.00	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	6	1	5	i	1	-<	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stenographers, general	933	39.0	47.00	-	1	27	37	51	150	139	122	119	97	35	17	63	16	54),	-	1	-	-	_	-	-
Manufacturing	181	38.5	48.50	-	-	4	3	6	20	16	30	38	19	20	6	4	9	4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonmanufacturing	752	39.0	46.50	-	1	23	34	45	130	123	92	81	78	15	11	59	7	50	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Public utilities *	63	39.5	47.00	-	1	3	7	3	2	2	15	11	6	2	5	1	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wholesale trade	361	39.0	49.50	-	-	8	11	11	36	52	50	33	56	-	-	50	1	50	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Retail trade	66	40.5	43.50	-	-	-	1	2	36	6	4	7	3	1	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance **	239	38.0	43.00	-	-	12	15	25	56	63	23	19	13	12	-	- 0	1	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Services	23	山.0	50.50	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	11	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		1		100			1			1			9.0	100000	1				1	1	1	1			1	

See footnote at end of table.

* Transportation (excluding railroads), communication, and other public utilities.

** Finance, insurance, and real estate.

Table A-1: Office Occupations - Continued

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings 1/ for selected occupations studied on an area basis in Richmond, Va., by industry division, October 1951)

		Ave	RAGE							NUMBI	ER OF V	VORKER	RS RECE	IVING	STRAIG	HT-TIM	E WEER	CLY EA	RNINGS	OF-						
Sex, occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours (Standard)	Weekly earnings (Standard)								\$ 45.00 47.50															
Women - Continued																										
Stenographers, technical	21	39.0	51.00	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	3	L	7	1	-	-	1	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonmanufacturing	18	39.0	48.50	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	3	4	7	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	126	41.0	40.50	-	1	11	35	13	23	15	1.	711	8	,	-		1			_	-				-	
Switchboard operators				-	-	-		13	2	8	7	11	1	1	-		1		-		-					
Manufacturing	24	39.5	47.00			11	35	12	22	7	7	3	7	1		-	1	-				-			-	
Normanufacturing	102	41.5	39.00	-	1	1	35	13	22	1	1 3	3		-	1 7 3	1 -	100	-	-	-	-			-	-	-
Retail trade	22	40.5	38.50	-	-	5	2	7	9	3	1	-	-		-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-
Finance **	29	38.5	38.50	-	-	3	5	1	9	3	-		1100		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Switchboard operator-receptionists	144	39.5	45.00	-	15	1	5	20	25	15	13	3	18	13	3	1	-	1	10	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Manufacturing	22	38.5	50.00	-	-		1	1	2	4	2	1	2	3	3	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Nonmanufacturing	122	40.0	44.00	-	15	1	4	19	23	11	11	2	16	10	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wholesale trade	56	40.0	49.00	-	-	-	2	-	15	5	9	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail trade	48	40.0	39.50	-	15	-	2	10	2	5	2	2	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tabulating-machine operators	55	38.0	14.00	-	5	8	2	6	2	2	5	10	12	1	-	1	_	-	-	_	1	-	_	-	-	-
Nonmanufacturing	52	38.0	43.50	-	5	8	2	6	2	2	4	10	12	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance **	36	38.0	41.00	-	5	8	2	6	2	-	4	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transcribing-machine operators, general .	69	39.0	46.00	-	-	3	9	7	6	7	10	14	3	4	2	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	1	-	-
Manufacturing	13 56	40.0	45.50	-	-	-	1	1	1	3	2	4	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Nonmanufacturing	56	39.0	46.00	-	-	3	8	6	5	4	8	10	3	4	1	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	1	-	-
Typists, class A	284	39.0	42.50	-	2	7	50	51	52	46	23	21	11	5	4	5	5	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing	146	38.0	49.00	-	-	-	-	4	2	7	4	16	1	1	3	14	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonmanufacturing	238	39.0	41.00	-	2	7	50	47 26	50	39	19	5	10	4	1	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-3	-	-	-
Wholesale trade	76	40.0	39.00	-	2	5	26	26	5	-	7	-	-	2	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail trade	28	41.5	40.50	-	-	2	6	-	7	11	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 -	-
Finance **	101	38.5	41.50	-	-	-	18	20	26	21	5	-	9	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	/400
Typists, class B	339	39.0	38.00	5	35	54	65	58	79	19	12	10	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing	43	39.0	39.00	-	-	9	16	-	7	3	5	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Normanufacturing	296	39.0	37.50	5	35	45	49	58	72	16	7	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wholesale trade	17	39.5	38.00	-	-	45	3	2	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail trade	32	42.0	33.50	4	11	3	9	3	i	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance **	1111	38.0	36.00	i	22	36	36.	37	7	-	2	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
LTHORNO WE SESSESSESSESSESSESSESSESSES	THE	2000	2000	-		1	1	1 21	1		-	100				1		1 6 3 7		1	The Ac		441		1	1 3 1 1 1 1

burs reflect the workweek for which employees receive their regular straight-time salaries and the earnings correspond to these weekly hours.

** Transportation (excluding reilroads), communication, and other public utilities.

*** Finance, insurance, and real estate.

Table A-2: Professional and Technical Occupations

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings 1/ for selected occupations studied on an area basis in Richmond, Va., by industry division, October 1951)

		Ave	RAGE	W. Tar						NUMBE	ER OF	WORKER	S RECE	EIVING	STRAIG	HT-TIM	E WEEL	KLY EA	RNINGS	OF-						
Sex, occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours (Standard)	Weekly earnings (Standard)	Under \$ 42.50	\$ 42.50 under 45.00	\$ 45.00 47.50	\$ 47.50 50.00	\$ 50.00 52.50	\$ 52.50 55.00	\$ 55.00 57.50	\$ 57.50 60.00	\$ 60.00 62.50	\$ 62.50 65.00	\$ 65.00 67.50	\$ 67.50 - 70.00	\$ 70.00 - 75.00	\$ 75.00 80.00	\$ 80.00 85.00	\$ 85.00 - 90.00	\$ 90.00 95.00	\$ 95.00	100.00	\$ 105.00	110.00	115.00	120.0 and unde 125.0
Men			\$																							
Draftsmen	48	39.5	75.50	-	1 -	-	-	-	-	6	5	-	2	1	13),),	.5	1	_		2	1	1	2	1
Manufacturing	31 17	39.5 38.5	82.00 64.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	4	-	- 2	1 -	8 5	3	3	4	-	-	-	2 -	1 -	1 -	3	1 -
Draftsmen, junior	24	39.0	48.00	1 6	12	3	1	6			1	-	_	1						1						
Nonmanufacturing	11	37.5	50.50	-	-	3	1	6	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wurses, industrial (registered)	44	39.0	59.00	2	3	1	3	8	1	_	1,	6	3	2	1	6	1.		_							P. ST
Manufacturing	37	39.0	60.50	2	1	1	2	6	1	-	4	6	1	2	1	6	4	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	

Table A-3: Maintenance and Power Plant Occupations

(Average hourly earnings 1/ for men in selected occupations studied on an area basis in Richmond, Va., by industry division, October 1951)

				N KO	- /							WOR																	
Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Average hourly earnings	Under	0.75	\$ 0.80	\$ 0.85	\$ 0.90	\$ 0.95	\$ 1.00	1.05	1.10	\$ 1.15	\$ 1.20	\$ 1.25	\$ 1.30	\$ 1.35	\$ 1.40	\$ 1.45	1.50	\$ 1.55	\$ 1.6	8	8	80 1.5	8 2.	00 2	10 2	8 20 2	30 2
	1 "012010	Omningo	\$ 0.75	0.80	0.85	0.90	0.95	1.00	1.05	1.10	1.15	1.20	1.25	1.30	1.35	1.40	1.45	1.50	1.55	1.60	1.7	201 -80	0 1	90 2.0	00 2	10 2	20 2	000	- an
													-/												20	10 20	20 20	00 201	TO OA
rpenters, maintenance	1111	\$ 1.65	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	h	10	16	5	8	Ju	5	9	8	9		8	19	2			
Manufacturing	110	1.64	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 -	-	1 -	3	5 5	15	5 -	8 -	3	3 2	7 2	5 3	7 2			13		1		-
ectriolens, maintenance	133	1.89	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	-	5	8	7	5	-		16 3		3	5	-
rineers, stationary	67	1.77	-			-	_	-	-		1			6	- h	2		1.	5	7	15	1		7 1	26 3		100	2	-
Manufacturing Nonmanufacturing Retail trade	35 32 12	1.56 2.00 1.84	-			1 1 1		-		-	1 -	-	-	6	4	2	=	4 -	6	-	11 4 3	1 2 1		2 2 2	4 -	-	4	2	- 2/
memen, stationary boiler	189	1.14	8	18	18	20	1	8	4	14	19	16	6	-	2	5	-	6	20	4		1		The state of the s	9		-	-	_
Nonmanufacturing	138 51 10 23	1.15 1.11 1.16 .88	8 1 5	16 2 -	6 12 - 8	17 3 1 2	1 - 1	8 -	4 -	14	12 7 1 6	12 4 4	6 -		2 2	1 - 1	=	6 -	20	1 1	6 -	1 -		-	9	-	-		
pers, trades, maintenance	232	1.50	-	1.	-		1	-	-	3	1	-	13	-	6	13	22	1	12	152	7 6	-		_	-	_	-		-
chinists, maintenance	253	1.88	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	3	-	20	-	4	1	5		33 3	7	-		-
intenance men, general utility	229	1.39	-		2		2	3	26	8	8	5	24	38	- 5	9	3	0	20	1	8	11	1		6 3	- 1			-
Manufacturing Nommanufacturing Retail trade Services	95 134 68 51	1.38 1.40 1.48 1.29		-	2 - 2	1111	2 2 -	3 2 1	11 15 - 9	5 3 - 2	6 2 - 2	3 2 2 -	5 19 17 2	19 19 5 12	2 3 - 3	5 - 4	9 -	45	20 20	4 -	355	14 5 9	1	8	2 4 -	- 1	0 .		-
chanics, automotive (maintenance)	467	1.49	-	-	-	-	4	-	4	4	15	11	48	51	38	52	12	9	25	19	43	47	10	0	59	6			_
Nommanufacturing Public utilities * Wholesale trade Retail trade	394 266 44 58	1.44 1.43 1.73 1.30	1111	1111	1111		4 - 4	1 1 1 1	- 4	2 - 2	10 -	11 1 - 10	48 48 -	51 18 -	31 21 -	52 46	12 12 -	9252	25 22 - 3	19 8 9 2	43 38 5	46 33 11 -		6 2 1	1 2				-
chanics, maintenance	368 349	1.86	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	4	1	4	-	1	2	8	12	2	14	37	96						4
ers	92	1.36	-		-	-	-	-	5	9	2	6	5	5	7	5	12	1	30 30	2	1	2 2			-				-
nters, maintenance	90	1.72	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	13	-	4	2	-	1	1	2	14		-	1				
Manufacturing Nommanufacturing Retail trade	52 38 11	1.87	1 - 1			1 1 1		-	-		3			13		4 2	1	1 8 1	1 1	1 -	2	11 3 2	1	4	1 1				-

1/ Excludes premium pay for overtime and night work.
2/ Workers were distributed as follows: \$2.40 to \$2.50, 3 workers; \$2.50 to \$2.60, 6 workers; \$2.60 to \$2.70, 2 workers.
* Transportation (excluding railroads), communication, and other public utilities.

Occupational Wags Survey, Richmond, Va., October 1951 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR Bureau of Labor Statistics

Table A-4: Custodial, Warehousing and Shipping Occupations

(Average hourly earnings 1/ for selected occupations 2/ studied on an area basis in Richmond, Va., by industry division, October 1951)

										NUMBI	ER OF	WORK	KERS 1	RECEIV	VING 8	TRAIG	HT-TI	ME H	JURLY	EAR	VINGS	Ur-	-					
	Number	Average		8	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 70	\$ 10	\$ 1.5	\$ 70	\$ 7 6	\$ 40	\$ 70	1.80
Occupation and industry division	of workers	hourly	Under	0.50	0.55	0.60	0.65	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.85	0.90	0.95	1.00	1.05	1.10	1.15	1.20	1.25	1.30	1.35	1.40	1.45	1.50	1.55	1.00	1.10	1.00
	11012015			inder	-	-	-	-		- 07	-	0 05	-	7 05		- 7	7 00	7 00	7 20	7 25	7 1.0	7 1.5	7 50	7 55	7 60	7.70	1.80	1.90
			0.50	0.55	0.60	0,65	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.85	0.90	0.95	1.00	1.05	1.10	1.12	1.20	1.25	1.30	1,33	1.40	1.45	1.50	1.000	1.00	1010	1.00	10/0
		\$															-	-	-	-		1	-				-	14
ards	51	1.30	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	6	5	1	1 -	2	2	1 -	3	3	-	6	-	4	-	-	-	-	1	14
Manufacturing	29	1.54	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	6	1	1	1	2	2	1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
nitors, porters, and cleaners (men)	1098	92	1	6	27	73	63 .	20	147		119	57	39	134	86	32	61	99	7	2	5	-	-	1	13	-	-	-
Manufacturing	424	1.09	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	82	33 86	14 43	11 28	62	81	28	57	99	5 2	2	5	-	-	1	13	-	-	-
Nonmanufacturing	674	.81	1	6	27	73	63	20	133	14	3	43	20	27	2	13	4	1	-	_	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Public utilities *	73	.97	-	-	-		-		42		2	-	14	12	1	14	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Retail trade	279	.79	-	-	26	35	-34	12	22	33 22	68	28	9	19	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance **	121	.78	-	-	-	3	21	3	56	13	12	6	1	4	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Services	81	.71	1	6	1	35	8	5	9	-	1	3	-	10	1	-	-	-	1	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
nitors, porters, and cleaners (women)	575	.60	3/161		77	103	10	7	85	22	5	5	1	10	19	-	6	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing	57 518	1.00	-		-	-	-	-	8	8	2	5	1	7	14	-	6	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonmanufacturing		•55	3/16		77	103	10	7	77	14	3	-	1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-
Wholesale trade	172	.76	-	52	76	27	5	7	2	2				3						-	-	-	1/	-	-	-	-	-
Retail trade	715	•21	-	26	10	1 21	1	1	-					,									1					
der fillers	382	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	90	20	58	15	20	56	12	22	5	10	17	4	20	20	-	-	-	-	13	-
Manufacturing	125	1.13	-	-	-,	-	-		7	7	25	7 8	8	4	12	-	1	2	15	4	-	20	-	-	-	-	13	-
Nonmanufacturing	257	.94	-	-	-	-	-	-	83	13	33	8	12	52	-	22	4	8	2	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wholesale trade	207	. 95	-	-	-	-	-	-	59	13	33	8	12	26	-	22	4	0	2	-	20	-	-	-	-	-		
ckers (men)	541	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	72	_	142	31	111	96	20	31	2	10	3	2	3	6	37	1	-	23	-	-
Manufacturing	320 221	1.10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	85	31	26 15	76	15	31	2	10	3	2	3	6	37	1	-	23		-
Nonmanufacturing	162	.85	-	-	-	-	-	-	72 63	12	57 43	20	1	18	2	-		-	_		-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	-
Wholesale trade	59	.87		-		-	-	-	9	9	14	11	11	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
netall trade	1 "	.01	1																									
ackers (women)	144	.99	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	20	43	-	-	-	-	-	-	46	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing	110	1.05	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	39	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	12	-	1		-		-		
eceiving clerks	163	1.15	-	-	-	-	2	2	27	-	2	3	-	17	4	15	13	3	41	-	9	5	-	1	8	6	4	1
Manufacturing	54	1.39	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	6	5 8	-	16	-	6	5	-	1	8	6	4	1
Nonmanufacturing	109	1.04	-	-	-	-	2	2	27 2L	-	2	3	-	17	3	9 5	8	3 -	25	1	2	14	-	-	-	1		
Wholesale trade	57	1.00	1:	-	-	-	2	2	3	-	2	3	-	9	3	14	0	3	20	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	1 7	-
Retail trade	24	1.09		1 -	1		-	-	1		-	1		-	,	4		1	-						1		1	
nipping clerks	239	1.32	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	2	28	2	3	-	11	14	29	13	18	1	22	2	13	24	19	4	11	18
Manufacturing	97	1.48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	7	5	13	15	ī	20	1	13	24	14	4	111	10
Nonmanufacturing	142	1.24	1	-	-	-	1 -	-	4	2 2	28	2	3 2	-	10	7 5	24	-	15	1	20	1		-	1.9		-	10
Wholesale trade	70	1.25	1	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	0	-	-	-	10	1	1		15				18		1			
ipping-and-receiving clerks	229	1.24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	2	12	6	10	22	16	17	27	43	15	11	13	13	2	9	-	-	3
Manufacturing	88	1.32	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	12	6	10	16	14	13	18	26	11	5	6	13	2	5	-	-	3
Nonmanufacturing	141	1.18		-	-	-	-	-	-	4	2	15	-	10	10	14	13	10	1	4	1	5	172	-	5	1 -	-	
Public utilities *	81	1.11		-	-	1		-	-	14	-	12	-	10	12	12	4	111	7	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-
Retail trade	31	1.20		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	4	-	5	7	5	4	2	2_	-	-	-	1 -	-	-
ACCOUNT OF CHANGE OF THE PARTY	1			1														1				-	1			1		
		HV W	-	1	1		1	1		1	1		- 3		1	1	1			1	1			-		1		

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See footnotes at end of table.

* Transportation (excluding railroads), communication, and other public utilities.

** Finance, insurance, and real estate.

Table A-4: Custodial, Warehousing and Shipping Occupations - Continued

(Average hourly earnings 1/ for selected industries 2/ studied on an area basis in Richmond, Va., by industry division, October 1951)

	190		UCE X							NUME	ER OF	WOR	KERS	RECEI	VING	STRAI	GHT-T	ME H	OURLY	EAR	NINGS	OF-		20					
	Number	Average		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Occupation and industry division	of workers	hourly	Under	0.50	0.55									1.00	1.05	1.10	1.15	1.20	1.25	1.30	1.35	1.40	1.49	1.50	1.55	1.60	1.70	1.80	
				and	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-										8
			0.50	0.55	0.60	0.65	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.85	0.90	0.95	1.00	1.05	1.10	1.15	1.20	1.25	1.30	1.35	1.40	1.45	1.50	1.55	1.60	1.70	1.80	1.90	10
																													-
ok handlers and truckers, hand	1532	1.08	-	-	-	6	10	-	104			111		63		25	410		80		18	55	4	-	3	25	48	-	1
Manufacturing	995	1.11	-	-	-	6	10	-	80	57	105		25	35 28	13	25	193	73	70	5		22	4	-	3	5	48	-	1
Monmanufacturing	537	1.00	-	-	-	-	10	-	24	21	LEU	22	1	-	1		193	96	1	1	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
Public utilities *	201	.92	-	-	-	6	10	-	4	2	108		3	24	12			3	3		3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	1
INGUELL OF STATE		.,_																											1
ok drivers, light (under la tons)	191	.92	-	-	4	14	-	2	38	5	24	16	5	31	17	10	15	2	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+
ianufacturing	33 158	.94	-	-	4	14	-	2	38	. 5	11	14	í	19	16		15	2	7	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Wholesale trade		.84	-	-	-	-	-	-	27	2	9	10	-	-	6		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Retail trade	54 75	.97	-	-	-	14	-	-	7	3	2	4	1	1	9	10	15	2	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
																													1
k drivers, medium (la to and including 4 tons)	955	1.11	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	45	39		26	25	48	134	20			15	43	4	9	-	-	-	-	-	+
lanufacturing	178	1.06	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	30	34	22	14	13	13	16		7		36	4	9	-	-	-	-	-	4
Monmanufacturing	106	1.12	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	36	9	59	3	1	35	4	4		3		50	-	-			-		-	1
Retail trade	100	.99	-	-	-	-					~	42	,	-	100	-	-												1
ok drivers, heavy (over 4 tons, trailer type)	336	1.23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	21		10		249	4	-	-	-	23	-	4	14	4	-	
Manufacturing	52	1.24	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	6		-		1	-	-	-	8	-	-	3	-	-	1
Nonmanufacturing	284	1.23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	20	-	4	-	222	3	-	-	-	15	-	4	11	4	-	ı
Public utilities *	217	1.20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	20	-	4	-	211	3		-	-	15	-	-		-	-	4
Retail trade	43	1.20	-	-	-						-		-	20		-							-						1
ok drivers, heavy (ever 4 tons, other	-	1.32							10			5		6		-	12	6	1	-	-	-		-	-	22	11	-	
han trailer type)	48	1.35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-		12	6	1	-	-	-	4	-	-	19	-	-	T
Monmanufacturing	29	1.28	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	11	-	1
			1																						1				1
ckers, power (fork-lift)	153	1.13	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	12	-	11	8	-	30	14	-	24	10		15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Manufacturing	107	1.19	-	-	-	-	-	-	4 2	-	-	-	8	-	30		-		5		15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Monmanufacturing	46	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	12	-	11	-	-	-	5	-	11	5	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
ahman	272	.97	1	2	1	13	-	-	40	45	10	34	4	15	30	9	6	20	1	29	8	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	
Manufacturing	176	1.04	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	25	10	27	2	8	29	9	1	10	-	1	8	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Monmanufacturing	96	.85	1	2	1	13	-	-	26	20	-	7	2	7	1	-	5	10	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Public utilities *	34	.96	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	10	-	6	1	7 5 2	1	-	4	8 -	-	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Retail trade	96 34 25 31	.88	1	2	1	13	-	-	5	10	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Services	21	.13	-	~	-	-			1							-									1		1	1	1
		,		13						1			1		-	1			1	1	1	1	-		161	1			
															1			1			100			1.7		1			1
	1 4 1 4	1		1							1							1 3 1		1				1	-	1		1	
						1		1		1	1		1			100	1		59	1		1	1.			1			

L/ Excludes premium pay for overtime and night work.
2/ Study limited to men workers except where otherwise indicated.
3/ Workers were distributed as follows: 30 to 35 cents, 1 worker; 35 to 40 cents, 156 workers; 40 to 45 cents, 2 workers; 45 to 50 cents, 5 workers.
* Transportation (excluding railroads), communication, and other public utilities.

B: Characteristic Industry Occupations

Table B-63: Insurance Carriers 1/

		Ave	BAGE 2/							NUMBE	ER OF V	VORKER	S RECE	IVING 8	STRAIG	HT-TIM	E WEEK	LY EAR	RNINGS	OF-						
Occupation and sex	Number of workers	Weekly hours (Standard)	Weekly earnings (Standard)	Under \$ 30.00	\$ 30.00 and under 32.50	\$ 32.50 - 35.00	\$ 35.00 37.50	\$ 37.50 40.00	\$ 40.00 42.50	\$ 42.50 45.00	\$1,5.00	\$ 50.00 - 55.00	\$ 55.00 60.00	\$ 60.00 65.00	\$ 65.00 70.00	\$ 70.00 75.00	\$ 75.00 80.00	\$ 80.00 85.00	\$ 85.00 90.00	\$ 90.00	95.00	100.00	\$ 105.00	110.00	\$ 115.00	\$ 120. and
																										-51
Men																										
tion headsulating-machine operatorserwriters	75 13 38	38.0 38.0 38.0	\$ 96.50 57.00 83.00		1111	=	-			1	- 2	3 6 2	2 2 8	2 -	2 3 -	1 -	111	3 - 3	26	8 - 9	3 -	3 - 4	6	3 - 2	2 -	3/
Women				1																					100	
emblers	6	37.0	33.00	-	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
cks: accounting actuarial File, class A File, class B	35 17 30 153 90	37.0 36.5 37.5 37.5 37.5	40.00 46.50 43.50 33.00 45.00	9 -	1 - 65 -	9 - 50 7	4 2 1 21 7	6 - 5 7 13	6 3 8 1 8	2 6 -	7 4 6 - 17	1 4 4 -	2 - 6	1 3					1,11111	-				-		
punch operators	110 41 58 126 26	38.0 38.0 37.0 37.0 37.0	37.00 37.00 57.00 43.00 41.50		16 6 - 5	19 8 - 8 3	· 27 13 - 12 2	24 2 - 7 1	9 1 4 29 3	8 2 6 31 1	7 9 7 20 6	- 12 18 5	14	51	1	1 125 1 1		1	1 -	111111	2 -		11111			
sts: Class A	63 161	37.5 37.0	42.00 35.50	-	47	32	6 35	13 30	15 17	15	8 -	4 -	1 -	1 -	1.1		-	-	-	-		-		-	7	

1/ The study covered establishments in the insurance industry with more than 20 workers.
2/ Hours reflect the workweek for which employees receive their regular straight-time salaries and the earnings correspond to these weekly hours.
3/ Workers were distributed as follows: \$120.00 to \$125.00, 2 workers; \$125.00 to \$130.00, 1 worker; \$130.00 to \$135.00, 8 workers; \$135.00 to \$140.00, 2 workers.

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C: Union Wage Scales

(Minimum wage rates and maximum straight-time hours per week agreed upon through collective bargaining between employers and trade unions. Rates and hours are those in effect on dates indicated.)

Table C-15: Building Construction

January 2, 1952

Classification	Rate per hour	Hours per week
Bricklayers	\$2.750	40
Carpenters	2.050	40
Electricians	2.250	40
Painters	1.875	40
Plasterers	2.500	40
Plumbers	2.475	40

Table C-205: Bakeries

July 1, 1951

Classification	Rate per hour	Hours per week
Bread and cake - Machine shops:		
Agreement A:	1000000	
Bread:		1 39
Dough mixers	\$1.410	40
Oven operators	1.360	40
Divider operators, molder		
operators	1.330	40
Wrapping-machine operators	1,310	40
Mixers' helpers (advanced)	1.280	40
Oven feeders and dumpers	1.260	40
Dough room helpers, benchmen (female), and wrapping-		-
machine feeders	1.180	40
Helpers:	1.100	40
1st 6 months	.980	40
After 6 months	1.080	40
Cake:	1.000	40
Cake mixers, icing mixers	1.330	40
Cake oven operators	1.280	40
Depositor operators, cake	1.200	40
wrapping_machine operators	1.180	40
Icing-machine operators	1.080	40
Icers and wrappers, female	1.030	40
Helpers (male):	1.000	40
After 6 months	1.080	40
Helpers (female):	1.000	40
After 6 months	1.030	40
Agreement B:	1.000	40
Dough mixers, cake mixers	1.470	40
Oven operators	1.450	40
Divider operators, wrapping-machine	2.470	
operators (bread), benchmen,	1	
relief men, molder operators	1.390	40
Depositor operators (female), cake	1.570	40
wrapping-machine operators (female)	1.240	40
Mixers' helpers, oven feeders,		70
dumpers	1.330	40
Molder helpers, icing- and enrobing-	2000	40
machine operators, wrappers		
helpers	1.230	40
		70

Table C-205: Bakeries - Continued

July 1, 1951

Classification	Rate per hour	Hours per week
Bread and cake - Machine shops: - Continued Agreement B: - Continued Female workers:		
Hand icers, depositor helpers	\$1.150	40
General bakery helpers	1.100	40
Dough mixers	1.275	40
Checkers	1.250	40
Machinemen, enrobers, and ovenmen	1.225	40
Wrappers and automatic carton formers	1.200	40
Dough rollers	1.175	40
Stockmen	1.150	40
Icing machinemen, mixers	1.125	40
Mixers, bakers' helpers	1.100	40
Dough rollers' helpers	1.045	40
helpers	1.025	40
Women employees, after 6 months	1.000	40

Table C-27: Printing

July 1, 1951

Classification	Rate per hour	Hours per week
Book and job shops:		
Bindery women	\$1.005	40
Bookbinders	1.875	40
Compositors, hand	1.875	40
Electrotypers	2.250	40
Machine operators	1.875	40
Machine tenders (machinists)	1.875	40
Photoengravers	2.625	40
Press assistants and feeders:	2.02)	40
Agreement A	1.530	40
Agreement B	1.150	40
Agreement C	1.000	40
Pressmen. cylinder:	2,000	-
Agreement A:		
Rotary	1.660	40
Small cylinder press (Kelly)	1.790	40
Agreement B	2,000	40
Offset	2,000	40
Agreement C:	2.000	
Small cylinder press	1.675	40
Pressmen. platen:	20017	40
Agreement A	1.260	40
Agreement B	1.630	40
Agreement C	1.250	40
Newspapers:		-
Compositors, hand - day work	2.374	40
Compositors, hand - night work	2.465	40

Table C-27: Printing - Continued

July 1, 1951

Classification	Rate per hour	Hours per week
Newspapers: - Continued		
Machine operators - day work	\$2.374	40
Machine operators - night work	2.465	40
Machine tenders (machinists) - day work .	2.374	40
Machine tenders (machinists) - night work	2.465	40
Photoengravers - day work	2.500	40
Photoengravers - night work	2.625	40
Pressmen, web presses - day work	2.243	40
Pressmen, web presses - night work	2.330	40
Pressmen-in-charge - day work	2.492	40
Pressmen-in-charge - night work	2.580	40
Stereotypers - day work	2.243	40
Stereotypers - night work	2.330	40

Table C-41: Local Transit Operating Employees October 1, 1951

Classification	Rate per hour	Hours per week
1-man cars and busses: First 3 months	\$1.170 1.220 1.270	-

Table C-42: Motortruck Drivers and Helpers

July 1, 1951

Classification	Rate per hour	Hours per week
Bakery:		
After 1 year	\$1.175	40
Furniture	1.200	44
Helpers	1.150	44
General - Freight	1.250	44
Agreement A:		-
Helpers	1.150	lele
Agreement B:		
Freight and produce	1.200	48
Helpers	1.150	48
Meat - Packing house:		
Agreement A:		
After 30 days	1.335	40
Agreement B:		
After 90 days	1.565	40
Railway express	1.653	40

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D: Entrance Rates Table D-1: Minimum Entrance Rates for Plant Workers 1/

			Percent of 1		rs in establi imum rates in		specified	
Minimum rate (in cents)	All industries 2/	Manufact	uring establi	ishments	Public	Wholesale	Retail trade	Services
		21-100 workers	101-500 workers	501 or more workers	utilities*	trade		Services
all establishments	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
0 or under	3.2	-	-		-	-	2.9	36.5
wer 40 and under 45	3.4	59476 - 449	-	-	-	-	15.5	-
5	.7	-	-	-	-	-	3.2	-
0	5.6	-	-	-	-	-	25.7	-
ver 50 and under 55	-4				-	-	1.7	-
5	-4	-	-	-	-	-	3.8	-
ver 55 and under 60	.8		-	S-A 7 00	-	308 500	5.9	-
5	1.4	1.1			1.9		4.7	-
0	1.0				1.7		4.4	
75	25.8	77.0	18.5	23.4	19.4	68.1	9.5	12.8
er 75 and under 80	3.2	77.0	18.8	~>.4	1704	8.6	.1	12.0
0	2.3		13.3		-	-	2.0	-
ver 80 and under 85	4.4	_		-	34.9	8.4	-	-
5	8.1	12.5	3.5	9.2	19.2	-	6.9	-
over 85 and under 90	6.2		16.3	12.5	-	-	-	-
00	.3	-	-	-	-	2.7	-	2.3
ver 90 and under 95	7.1	-	9.9	12.0	9.9	-	4.1	-
5	3.0	-	-	9.6	-	-	-	-
Over 95 and under 100	.3	2.6	-	-	1.1	-	-	-
.00	.8	6.8	-	-	-	4.0	-	-
ver 110 and under 115	1.2	-	-	-	10.7	-	-	-
15	.3	-		-	2.4	-	-	-
over 115 and under 120	10.4	-	-	33.3	-	3.2	-	-
20 and over	.2	-	-	- 2	-	3.2	-	-
Stablishments with no	The second second			100000				
established minimum	7.4	-	19.7	-	-	5.0	4.2	48.4
Information not available	.9	-	-	-	.5	-	3.7	-
	-							199

Lowest rate formally established for hiring either men or women plant workers, other than watchmen. Excludes data for finance, insurance, and real estate.

Transportation (excluding railroads), communication, and other public utilities.

E: Supplementary Wage Practices Table E-1: Shift Differential Provisions

Shift differential	Percent of plan workers employed on each shift in all manufacturing industries				
	2d shift	3d or other shift			
Percent of workers on extra shifts, all establishments	13.8	11.9			
Receiving shift differentials	10.5	9.6			
Uniform cents (per hour) Under 5 cents 5 cents 6 cents Over 6 and under 10 cents 10 cents Over 10 cents	3.1 1.3 1.6 - .2	2.7 -8 1.0 -6 -3			
Uniform percentage	7.4 .1 2.4 3.9 1.0	6.9			
Receiving no shift differential	3.3	2.3			

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Table E-2: Scheduled Weekly Hours

	PERCENT OF OFFICE WORKERS 1/ EMPLOYED IN-								PERCENT OF PLANT WORKERS EMPLOYED IN-							
Weekly hours	All industries	Manufacturing	Public utilities*	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance**	Services	All industries 2/	Manufacturing	Public utilities*	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Services			
All establishments	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0			
Under 35 hours 35 hours 37 hours 37½ hours 37½ hours 37½ and under 40 hours 40 hours Over 40 and under 44 hours 44 hours 0ver 44 and under 48 hours 48 hours 0ver 48 and under 50 hours 50 hours 0ver 50 hours	5.0 4.9 17.6 21.9 42.6 3.5 3.1 1.2	8.9 5.1 3.4 22.4 59.2 -5 -	0.5 62.8 2.1 32.4 	1.2 10.8 10.8 67.7 3.8 2.2 3.0 .5	0.7 - 4.8 4.0 70.5 7.1 11.8 1.1	10.1 11.4 17.5 44.3 16.7	3.3 - 14.6 20.4 38.0 12.9 10.8	0.1 - 1.9 .6 66.2 4.4 2.2 3.5 12.6 4.6 3.3	3.6 1.1 85.4 .4 .2 7.3 1.2 .8	42.7 11.8 4.2 2.2 31.2	1.0 	48.9 10.9 3.6 4.7 6.5	16.8 2.4 8.1 24.7 46.4			

Data relate to women workers.
Includes data for industries other than those shown separately.
Transportation (excluding railroads), communication, and other public utilities.
Finance, insurance, and real estate.

Table E-3: Paid Holidays

		PEI	RCENT OF OF	FICE WORKER	8 EMPLOYED II	PERCENT OF PLANT WORKERS EMPLOYED IN-							
Number of paid holidays	All industries	Manufacturing	Public utilities*	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance**	Services	All industries 1/	Manufacturing	Public utilities*	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Services
All establishments	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Establishments providing paid													
holidays	97.1	100.0	100.0	100.0	80.8	100.0	90.1	85.1	90.5	83.5	100.0	76.0	62.6
Under 3 days	.1	-	_	_	.9	-	-	4.9	2.5	9.9	-	9.3	5.0
3 days	1.0	1.0	-	2.6	_	-	8.0	3.3	3.3	-	7.0	-	14.1
3 and 4 days	1.0	4.5	-	-	-		3.8	.1	-	-	-	_	1.9
4 days	•5	-	-	3.0	_	_	-	.8	-	-	5.7	-	6.1
5 days	7.1	20.9	.6	12.6	5.6	_	.2	3.7	3.6	2.0	21.6	-	1.0
5½ days	.3	-	-	-	2.0	_	-		-	-	-	-	-
6 days	40.2	52.3	23.6	49.6	72.3	19.3	56.0	57.9	60.6	52.2	54.5	66.7	24.0
62 days	1.2	-		6.3	-	_	-	.2	-	-	3.7	-	-
7 days	15.2	18.0	-	11.5	-	27.6	19.6	10.7	18.6	-	4.8	-	6.0
7½ days	3.9	-	30.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8 days	13.0	3.3	45.6	1.4	-	18.9	2.5	3.5	1.9	19.4	2.7	-	2.3
92 days	2.5	-	-	13.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 days	2.9	-	-	-	-	8.9	-	(2/)	13 30 -	-	-	-	-
13 or more days	8.2	-	-	-	-	25.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Establishments providing no paid	EBROOM												
holidays	2.9	-	-	-	19.2	_	9.9	14.9	9.5	16.5	-	24.0	37.4

1/ Includes data for industries other than those shown separately.
Less than .05 of 1 percent.
* Transportation (excluding reilroads), communication, and other public utilities.
*** Finance, insurance, and real estate.

Occupational Wage Survey, Richmond, Va., October 1951 U. S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR Bureau of Labor Statistics

Table E-4: Paid Vacations (Gormal Provisions)

		PE	RCENT OF OF	FICE WORKER	S EMPLOYED II	N —		PERCENT OF PLANT WORKERS EMPLOYED IN-						
Vacation policy	All industries	Manufacturing	Public utilities*	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance**	Services	All industries]/	Manufacturing	Public utilities*	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Service	
ll establishments	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
1 year of service														
stablishments with paid vacations	99.1	96.8	100.0	98.5	100.0	100.0	100.0	91.5	89.6	89.0	95.0	98.9	83.	
Under 1 week	1.0	-	-	5.5	-	-	-	.4	-	68.6	6.0	-	-	
Over 1 and under 2 weeks	26.8	18.1	61.6	27.0	60.4	2.9	36.4	49.9	34.3 5.3	08.0	49.1	71.4	71.	
2 weeks	68.0	77.2	35.2 3.2	66.0	39.6	89.4	61.1	38.2	50.0	20.4	39.9	27.5	9.	
	9	3.2		1.5				8.5	10.4	11.0	5.0	1.1	16.	
stablishments with no paid vacations	.,	3.2		1.5				0.0	20.4	22.0	7.0		20.	
2 years of service														
stablishments with paid vacations	99.1	96.8	100.0	98.5	100.0	100.0	100.0	92.8	92.0	89.0	95.0	99.9	83.	
1 week	15.4	14.9	6.2	22.3	49.8	-	26.3	39.3	28.2	36.3	39.0	59.3	64.	
Over 1 and under 2 weeks	78.6	1.5	90.6	3.6	2.0	92.3	71.2	4.6	7.0	52.7	53.6	3.2	16.	
Over 2 weeks	2.1	-	3.2	4.6	-	2.2	2.5	.2	-	-	8.	-	2.	
stablishments with no paid vacations	.9	3.2	-	1.5	-	-	-	7.2	8.0	11.0	5.0	1.1	16.	
5 years of service														
stablishments with paid vacations	99.1	96.8	100.0	98.5	100.0	100.0	100.0	92.8	92.0	89.0	95.0	98.9	83.	
1 week	6.7	3.5	2.9	13.8	17.5	-	20.0	18.9	8.5	3.3	24.6	36.0	62.	
Over 1 and under 2 weeks	1.2	1.5	93.9	3.6 76.6	2.0 78.4	97.8	77.5	1.8	1.9	85.7	1.6	3.2 56.2	18.	
Over 2 and under 3 weeks	2.1	71.00	3.2	4.5	-	2.2	2.5	2.2	3.7	-	.8	-	2.	
3 weeks	.3	-	-	-	2.1	-	-	8.	-	-	-	3.5		
stablishments with no paid vacations	.9	3.2	-	1.5	-	-	-	7.2	8.0	11.0	5.0	1.1	16.	
15 years of service														
stablishments with paid vacations	99.1	96.8	100.0	98.5	100.0	100.0	100.0	92.8	92.0	89.0	95.0	98.9	83.	
1 week	6.7	3.5	2.9	13.8	17.4	-	20.0	17.6	6.0	3.2	24.6	36.0	62.	
Over 1 and under 2 weeks	1.0	1.5	17.8	3.6 57.3	75.5	69.4	71.6	1.1	1.9	43.9	1.6	56.7	14.	
Over 2 and under 3 weeks	2.0	-	3.2	4.5	-	2.2	-	3.3	3.7	10.7	8.2	6.2	6.	
3 weeks	26.6	14.3	76.1	19.3	7.1	28.4	8.4	15.7	18.6	31.2				
stablishments with no paid vacations	.9	3.2	-	1.5	-	-	-	7.2	8.0	11.0	5.0	1.1	16.	

Occupational Wage Survey, Richmond, Va., October 1951 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF I ABOR Bureau of Labor Statistics

^{1/} Includes data for industries other than those shown separately.
* Transportation (excluding railroads), communication, and other public utilities.
** Finance, insurance, and real estate.

Table E-5: Paid Sick Leave (Gormal Provisions)

		PE	RCENT OF OF	FICE WORKER	8 EMPLOYED II	N—			PERCENT	OF PLANT W	ORKERS EMPL	OYED IN-	
Provisions for paid sick leave	All industries	Manufacturing	Public utilities*	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance**	Services	All industries a	Manufacturing	Public utilities*	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Services
All establishments	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
6 months of service				W. J. B.								200.0	200.0
Establishments with formal provisions													37
for paid sick leave	18.7	12.7	5.0	12.5	29.6	27.7	8.4	6.3					
Under 5 days	.1	-	-	-	.9	~1	0.4	1.2		4.3	6.4	21.6	10.5
5 days	4.4	-	-	-	20.1	4.6	5.9	3.4			1 4 4 5 1 1 1 1 1 1	5.4	-
6 days	7.2	12.7	-	1.0	8.3	10.9	-	.3			1.4	14.3	4.6
7 days	-4	-	3.2	-	-	-	-	.2	-	1.9	1.4	.1	3.6
8 days	2.2	-	-	11.5	-	-	-	.3	_		5.0		-
10 days	4.0	-	-	-	-	12.2	-	-	-	-	-		
12 days	(2/)	-	-	-	.3	-	-	.2	-	_	-	1.0	-
14 days	150	7 3	-	-	- 1	-	-	.2	-	-	-	.8	-
15 days	.1	-		-	-	-	2.5	.2	-	-	-		2.3
stablishments with no formal provisions	.,	-	1.8	-	-	-	-	.3	-	2.4	-	-	
for paid sick leave	81.3	87.3	05.6	do e	-	And the same					A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH		
	01.5	01.5	95.0	87.5	70.4	72.3	91.6	93.7	100.0	95.7	93.6	78.4	89.5
1 year of service											-		
Stablishments with formal provisions												15 mg - 1 mg	
for paid sick leave	26.4	12.7	7.7	35.1	52.4	27.7	9.7	14.9	-	24.0	23.6	45.1	12.9
Under 5 days	1.5	-	-	7.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	47.1	12.7
5 days	7.7	-	2.7	8.8	42.9	-	-	11.4	-	19.7	10.5	37.7	4.6
6 days	1.5	-	-	1.1	9.2	-	1.3	1.4	-	-	1.4	5.5	2.4
7 days	.7	-	3.2	1.4	-	-	-	.4	-	1.9	2.7		
10 days	2.0	-	-	-	-	5.5	5.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
11 days	3.5	10.0	-	-	-	10.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 days	2.4	12.7	-	17	.3	THE PARTY OF THE P	-	.5	-	-	-	1.0	3.6
15 days	2.3		-		-	-	-	.2	-	-	-	.9	-
20 days	4.0	The state of the state of		11.5	-	The state of	2.5	.5	-	-	5.0	-	2.3
22 days	4.6			-	-	1,5	-	.2	-	-	3.2	-	-
Over 22 days	.2		1.8	4.5	-	11.4	-	.1	-	-	.8	-	-
stablishments with no formal provisions	•		1.0		-	100000000000000000000000000000000000000		.2	-	2.4	-	-	-
for paid sick leave	73.6	87.3	92.3	64.9	47.6	72.3	90.3	85.1	100.0	76.0	P()		
5 years of service			7-07		47.0	12.0	70.5	07.1	100.0	76.0	76.4	54.9	87.1
stablishments with formal provisions													
for paid sick leave	27.0	12.7	7.7	35.1	57.3	27.7	0.5	35.5	the state of the				
5 days	1.7			6.3	4.1	21.1	9.7	15.5	-	24.0	23.6	47.8	12.9
6 days	1.4	-		1.1	8.3	Ī	1.3	2.3	-	-	3.7	7.9	4.6
7 days	.7	-	3.2	1.4	-		1.5	.3		1.9	1.4	.1	2.4
8 days	1.5	-	-	7.8	-			-4		1.9	2.7	-	-
9 days	.3	-	2.7		-	-	L	2.2		19.7			•
10 days	6.9	-	-	2.5	38.8	3.7	-	6.9	-	-701	6.8	29.8	-
11 days	3.5	-	-	-	-	10.9		-	-		0.0	27.0	
12 days	2.5	12.7	-	-	1.0	-	-	.6	-	_		2.7	
14 days	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	.2	-	-	_	.9	_
15 days	.1	-	-	-	-	-	2.5	.1	-	-	-		2.3
20 days	.2	-	-	-	-	-	5.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
22 days	4.5	-	-	4.5	-	11.4	-	.1	-	-	.8	-	-
24 days	-	-	-	-	-	- 000	-	.2	-	-	-	-	3.6
30 days	2.2	-	-	11.5	-	7 -	-	.3	-	-	5.0	- 1	-
33 days	.6	-	-	-	-	1.7	-	-	-	-	-		-
36 days	(2/)	-	-	-	.2	-	-	.8	-	-	-	3.7	-
Over 36 daysstablishments with no formal provisions	.9	-	1.8	-	4.9	-	-	1.1	-	2.4	3.2	2.7	-
fer paid sick leave	73.0	de a		110	10.0							THE SHAPE OF	
Tow hard prog Tagas	13.0	87.3	92.3	64.9	42.7	72.3	90.3	84.5	100.0	76.0	76.4	52.2	87.1

^{1/} Includes data for industries other than those shown separately.
2/ Less than .05 of 1 percent.
Transportation (excluding railroads), communication, and other public utilities.
** Finance, insurance, and real estate.

Table E-6: Nonproduction Bonuses

		, PEI	RCENT OF OF	FICE WORKER	EMPLOYED II	PERCENT OF PLANT WORKERS EMPLOYED IN-							
Type of bonus	All industries	Manufacturing	Public utilities*	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance**	Services	All industries 1	Manufacturing	Public utilities*	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Services
ll establishments	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Establishments with nonproduction bornus 2/	51.9	50.1	11.4	60.2	50.2	62.7	71.2	38.1	31.2	25.4	57.7	47.7	62.1
Christmas or year-end Profit-sharing	41.2 10.8 9.8	43.9 2.6 4.6	8.4 1.8 1.2	33.0 31.3 5.8	33.9 5.8 10.5	62.7 3.1 17.8	20.2 63.4 12.4	30.1 4.6 7.7	25.2	15.6 3.3 6.5	48.0 15.2 8.9	36.8 4.5 6.4	51.8 32.5 22.1
Establishments with no nonproduction bonus	48.1	49.9	88.6	39.8	49.8	37.3	28.8	61.9	68.8	74.6	42.3	52.3	37.9

1/ Includes data for industries other than those shown separately.
2/ Unduplicated total.
* Transportation (excluding railroads), communication, and other public utilities.
** Finance, insurance, and real estate.

Table E-7: Insurance and Pension Plans

Type of plan	PERCENT OF OFFICE WORKERS EMPLOYED IN-							PERCENT OF PLANT WORKERS EMPLOYED IN—					
	All industries	Manufacturing	Public utilities*	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance**	Services	All industries 1	Manufacturing	Public utilities*	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Services
Ill establishments	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Establishments with insurance or pension plans 2/	84.2	90.0	97.0	75.4	95.7	84.1	16.8	80.9	83.0	81.3	65.5	98.0	26.7
Life insurance	73.1 42.8 34.9 51.0	85.0 60.3 40.5 44.2	51.4 56.9 41.9 81.6	67.5 26.4 32.3 41.2	77.2 43.7 28.1 26.5	83.1 39.8 36.1 64.4	15.2 12.6 9.7	74.3 47.9 29.4 35.9	80.8 52.2 29.4 41.1	62.0 53.8 51.0 51.8	62.3 23.2 30.5 23.0	84.9 52.6 21.3 30.7	23.8 15.5 20.7
Establishments with no insurance or pension plan	15.8	10.0	3.0	24.6	4.3	15.9	83.2	19.1	17.0	18.7	34.5	2.0	73.3

Includes data for industries other than those shown separately.

/ Unduplicated total.

* Transportation (excluding railroads), communication, and other public utilities.

** Finance, insurance, and real estate.

Occupational Wage Survey, Richmond, Va., October 1951 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR Bureau of Labor Statistics

Appendix - Scope and Method of Survey

With the exception of the union scale of rates, information presented in this bulletin was collected by visits of field representatives of the Bureau to representative establishments in the area surveyed. In classifying workers by occupation, uniform job descriptions were used; these are available upon request.

Six broad industry divisions were covered in compiling earnings data for the following types of occupations: (a) office clerical, (b) professional and technical, (c) maintenance and power plant, and (d) custodial, warehousing, and shipping (tables A-l through A-4). The covered industry groupings are: manufacturing; transportation (except railroads), communication, and other public utilities; wholesale trade; retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services. Information on work schedules and supplementary benefits also was obtained in a representative group of establishments in each of these industry divisions. As indicated in the following table only establishments above a certain size were studied. Smaller establishments were omitted because they furnished insufficient employment in the occupations studied to warrant their inclusion.

Among the industries in which characteristic jobs were studied, minimum size of establishment and extent of the area covered were determined separately for each industry (see following table). Although size limits frequently varied from those established for surveying cross-industry office and plant jobs, data for these jobs were included only for firms meeting the size requirements of the broad industry divisions.

A greater proportion of large than of small establishments was studied in order to maximize the number of workers surveyed with available resources. Each group of establishments

of a certain size, however, was given its proper weight in the combination of data by industry and occupation.

The earnings information excludes premium pay for overtime and night work. Nonproduction bonuses are also excluded, but cost-of-living bonuses and incentive earnings, including commissions for salespersons, are included. Where weekly hours are reported as for office clerical, they refer to the work schedules (rounded to the nearest half-hour) for which the straight-time salaries are paid; average weekly earnings for these occupations have been rounded to the nearest 50 cents. The number of workers presented refers to the estimated total employment in all establishments within the scope of the study and not to the number actually surveyed. Data are shown for only full-time workers, i.e., those hired to work the establishment's full-time schedule for the given occupational classification.

Information on wage practices refers to all office and plant workers as specified in the individual tables. It is presented in terms of the proportion of all workers employed in offices (or plant departments) that observe the practice in question, except in the section relating to women office workers of the table summarizing scheduled weekly hours. Because of eligibility requirements, the proportion actually receiving the specific benefits may be smaller. The summary of vacation and sick leave plans is limited to formal arrangements. It excludes informal plans whereby time off with pay is granted at the discretion of the employer or other supervisor. Sick leave plans are further limited to those providing full pay for at least some amount of time off without any provision for a waiting period preceding the payment of benefits. These plans also exclude health insurance even though it is paid for by employers. Health insurance is included, however, under tabulation for insurance and pension plans.

ESTABLISHMENTS AND WORKERS IN MAJOR INDUSTRY DIVISIONS AND IN SELECTED INDUSTRIES IN RICHMOND, VIRGINIA 1/ AND NUMBER STUDIED BY THE BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS, OCTOBER 1951

	Minimum number	Numb establi	er of shments	Employment			
Item	of workers in establishments	Estimated total	gas, gan- gan- gan- gan- gan- gan- gan- gan-	Estimated total	In establishments studied		
	studied 2/	within scope of study	Studied	within scope of study	Total	Office	
Industry divisions in which occupations were surveyed on an area basis							
Manufacturing	21 21 21	644 174 470	151 42 109	73,000 32,800 40,200	44,030 23,020 21,010	7,530 1,670 5,860	
communication, and other public utilities	21 21 21 21 21 21	51 146 160 54 59	18 24 28 19 20	8,200 7,600 14,200 5,800 4,400	5,950 2,010 7,280 3,190 2,580	1,440 770 1,020 2,410 220	
Industries in which occupations were surveyed on an industry basis	21	37	13	3,516	1,881	1,274	

1/ Richmond Metropolitan Area (City of Pichmond, Chesterfield and Henrico Counties).
2/ Total establishment employment.
3/ Hotels; personal services; business services; automobile repair shops; radio broadcasting and television; motion pictures; nonprofit membership organizations; and engineering and architectural services.

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Biller, machine	3, 4	Motortruck driver	11
Bindery woman (printing)	11	Nurse, industrial (registered)	6
Bookbinder (printing)	11	Office boy	3
Bookkeeper, hand	3, 4	Office girl	5
Bookkeeping-machine operator	3, 4	Oiler	5 7
Bricklayer (building construction)	11	Operator (local transit)	11
Calculating-machine operator	4	Order filler	8
Carpenter (building construction)	11	Oven operator (bakeries)	11
Carpenter, maintenance	7	Packer	8
Cleaner	8	Fainter (building construction)	11
Clerk, accounting	3, 4	Painter, maintenance	7
Clerk, accounting (insurance carriers)	10	Photoengraver (printing)	11
Clerk, actuarial (insurance carriers)	10	Plasterer (building construction)	11
Clerk. file	4	Plumber (building construction)	11
Clerk, file (insurance carriers) Clerk, general	10	Porter	8
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Clerk, general (insurance carriers)	10	Press assistant (printing)	11
Clerk, order	3, 5	Press feeder (printing)	11
Clerk, payroll	5	Pressman (printing)	11
Compositor, hand (printing)	11	Receiving clerk	8
Draftsman	6	Secretary	5
Duplicating-machine operator	5	Section head (insurance carriers)	10
Electrician (building construction)	11	Shipping clerk	8
Electrician, maintenance	7	Shipping-and-receiving clerk	8
Electrotyper (printing)	11	Stenographer	5, 6
Engineer, stationary	7	Stenographer (insurance carriers)	10
Fireman, stationary boiler	7	Stereotyper (printing)	11
Guard	8	Stock handler	9
Helper (bakeries)	11	Switchboard operator	6
Helper, motortruck driver	11	Switchboard operator-receptionist	6
Helper, trades, maintenance	7	Tabulating-machine operator	3, 6
Icer (bakeries)	11	Tabulating-machine operator (insurance carriers)	10
Janitor	8	Transcribing-machine operator	6
Key-punch operator	5	Truck driver	9
Key-punch operator (insurance		Trucker, hand	9
carriers)	10	Trucker, power	9
Machine operator (printing)	11	Typist	6
Machine tender (printing)	11	Typist (insurance carriers)	10
Maintenance man, general utility	7	Underwriter (insurance carriers)	10
Mechanic, automotive (maintenance)	7	Watchman	9
Mechanic, maintenance	7	Wrapper (bakeries)	11

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This report may be obtained by addressing:

Brunswick A. Bagdon, Regional Director Bureau of Labor Statistics Room 664 50 Seventh Street, N. E. Atlanta 5, Ga.

The services of the Bureau of Labor Statistics' regional offices are available for consultation on statistics relating to wages and industrial relations, employment, prices, labor turn-over, productivity, work injuries, construction and housing.

The Southern region includes the following States:

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